Seat No.: \_\_\_\_118

## ME-102

May-2017

## B.B.A., Sem.-II

CC-112: Business Mathematics

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

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P.T.O.

- (a) Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ : 1.
  - (i)  $Y = 2x^3 \cdot \log x$
  - (ii) Y = (2x-5)/(x+2)OR

Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ :

- (i)  $Y = (3x^2 2x + 7) / (3x + 2)$ (ii)  $Y = e^x \cdot 2^x \cdot \log x$
- (b) Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  for  $y = 5x^2 25$  by using method of definition.

The price of a commodity X increases from ₹ 3 to ₹ 3.5 and its supply increases from 1200 kg to 1500 kg. Calculate the elasticity of supply.

Find AR and MR for  $R(x) = 250x + 7x + (10x^2)/2$ Find AR and MR when x = 5 units.

(a) If  $y = x^5 \cdot e^x$ , then find  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ 2.

If  $y = \frac{(2x-1)}{(x-3)}$ , then find  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ 

Find maximum and minimum value of function  $y = x^3 + x^2 - 8x + 50$ 

If function of production cost  $C(x) = (5x^2/30) - 3x + 50$ , then find out MC for 60 units. How many units are required for becomes zero?

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- (i)  $\delta^2 z/\delta x^2$
- (ii)  $\delta^2 z / \delta y^2$

OR

If  $f(x, y) = 3x^2 - 5xy + 5y^2 + 10x - 20y$ , then prove that  $\frac{\delta^2 f}{\delta x} \cdot \delta y = \frac{\delta^2 f}{\delta y} \cdot \delta x$ 

3. (a) If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 7 \\ 4 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ 

Then, verify that  $(AB)^T = B^T \cdot A^T$ 

OR

If 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 5 & -1 & 4 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
, find  $A^2$ 

(b) If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -5 & 7 \\ 1 & 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 7 & 0 \\ 3 & 5 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ , then find AB and BA if possible.

OR

Discuss the following:

- (a) Symmetric Matrix
- (b) Scalar Matrix
- (c) Transpose of a matrix

(c) Solve the following equations and find the values of X, Y and Z.

$$2X + 5Y + Z = 5$$

$$X + 3Y + 2Z = 8$$

$$3X + 2Y - 3Z = 7$$

OR

Give the difference between matrix and determinant.

 (a) Find simple interest and amount for ₹ 30,000 for 5 years at 12% rate of interest per annum.

OR

In what time ₹30,000 amount to ₹ 45,000 at 5% rate of simple interest?

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	(b)	Find compound interest on ₹ 40,000 at 7% rate of interest at the end of 3 years, if	
		it is calculated:	5
		(1) Half yearly	
		(2) Quarterly	
		(3) Monthly	
		OR	
		Urvi has deposited ₹ 55,000 in SBI at 7% rate of interest for 3 years, then find	
		(1) Simple interest gained by her	
		(2) Compound interest gained by her and conclude her benefit.	
	(c)	Pratima has purchased Honda XUV by paying down payment of ₹ 7,50,000. She has to pay ₹ 30,000 annually for next 5 years at the 8% rate of interest to complete the reaming amount. What is the current price of XUV?	5
		Kamal would like to have ₹ 1,00,000,00 in his bank account in 2032. How much	
		he has to save annually at 10% rate of interest to achieve his wish till 2032?	
5.	Do tl	he following:	14
	(1)	Value of determinant cannot be zero. (true/false)	
	(2)	If $y = 3x^{20}$ then $dy/dx = $	
	(3)	When the installment is being paid at the beginning of the term, the annuity is called Ordinary Annuity. (true/false)	
	(4)	Give an example of scalar matrix.	
	(5)	Define Transpose of a Matrix.	
	(6)	The formula of annuity in case of Sinking fund is	
	(7)	State any one stationary condition to get maximum and minimum value of a given function.	
	(8)	Give an example of matrix of order 4 * 5.	
	(9)	State division rule of derivative.	
	(10)	At the end of 1st year simple interest and compound interest are same. (true/false)	
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- (11) If  $y = e^{-x}$ , then find  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$
- (12) Define Perpetuity.
- (13) Give formula of AR and MR.
- (14) Give adjective of A =  $\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 3 \\ 5 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

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