Seat No.: 790

P.T.O.

NC-101

November-2021

B.B.A., Sem.-V

CC-303: Organisational Behaviour - I

Max. Marks: 50 Time: 2 Hours] All questions in Section - I carry equal marks. Instructions: (1) Attempt any TWO questions in Section - I. (2) Question - 5 in Section - II is COMPULSORY. (3) Section - I Define Organisational Behaviour. Discuss the objectives of organisational 1. (A) 10 Behaviour. 10 Discuss any two models of organizational Behaviour. (B) 10 Discuss the Biographical characteristics affecting Individual Behaviour. Explain personality attributes influencing Organizational Behaviour. 10 (B) 10 Write notes on problem-solving teams and self-managed teams. 3. 10 Discuss the sources and significance of status. 10 Draw and discuss Levin's 3-step model of change. 4. 10 Define organizational development. Discuss its benefits. (B)

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5.	Do a	Do as directed (Attempt any 10)							
	(1)	Orga	anisational Behaviour is	_ in nat	ture.				
		(A)	multi-disciplinary	(B)	single-disciplinary				
		(C)	independent	(D)	None of the above				
	(2)		is a contributing discipline	to OB.					
		(A)	Psychology	(B)	Sociology				
		(C)	Anthropology	(D)	All of the above				
	(3)	rewards are given to employees for their extended services and tenure.							
		(A)	Profit	(B)	Non-work				
		(C)	Service	(D)	Real-pay adjustment				
	(4)		OB.						
		(A)	Autocratic	(B)	System				
		(C)	Supportive	(D)	None of the above				
	(5)		is a set of favourable or	unfavo	urable feelings of an employee about				
		their	r jobs.						
		(A)	job-satisfaction	(B)	job-involvement				
		(C)	values	(D)	None of the above				
	(6)	(6) is a method of shaping behavior by withholding signific							
		cons	sequences.	(B)					
		(A)	Extinction	(B)	Punishment				
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(7)	is the ability to retain and recall past experiences.							
	(A)	Number aptitude	(B)	Memory				
	(C)	Verbal comprehension	(D)	None of the above				
(8)	is an important factor affecting individual behavior.							
	(A)	Personal factor	(B)	Organizational system				
	(C)	Environmental factor	(D)	All of the above				
(9)	In the stage of group development members contribute jointly towards							
	In the stage of group development members contribute jointly towards achievement of common goals.							
	(A)	Norming	(B)	Adjourning				
	(C)	Performing	(D)	Storing				
(10)) team is constituted by members from different areas or department.							
	(A)	problem-solving	(B)	cross-functional				
	(C)	virtual	(D)	None of the above				
(11)		is the major source of conf	lict in	modern organisations.				
	(A)	role-conflict	(B)	perception				
	(C)	expectations	(D)	None of the above				
C								
(12)	Mu	ltiple command system is a feat	ure of	organization.				
	(A)	Virtual	(B)	Matrix				
	(C)	Boundary less	(D) None of the above				

(13)	power is based on a leader's charisma.								
	(A)	Coercive	(B)	Reward					
	(C)	Legitimate	(D)	Referent					
(14)	builds support for change and reduces resistance to change.								
	(A)	A) Participation in decision making							
	(B)	Sharing rewards							
	(C)	Planned change							
	(D)	All of the above							
(15)		is a popular power tactic.							
	(A)	Alliance	(B)	Negotiation					
	(C)	Exchange	(D)	All of the above					