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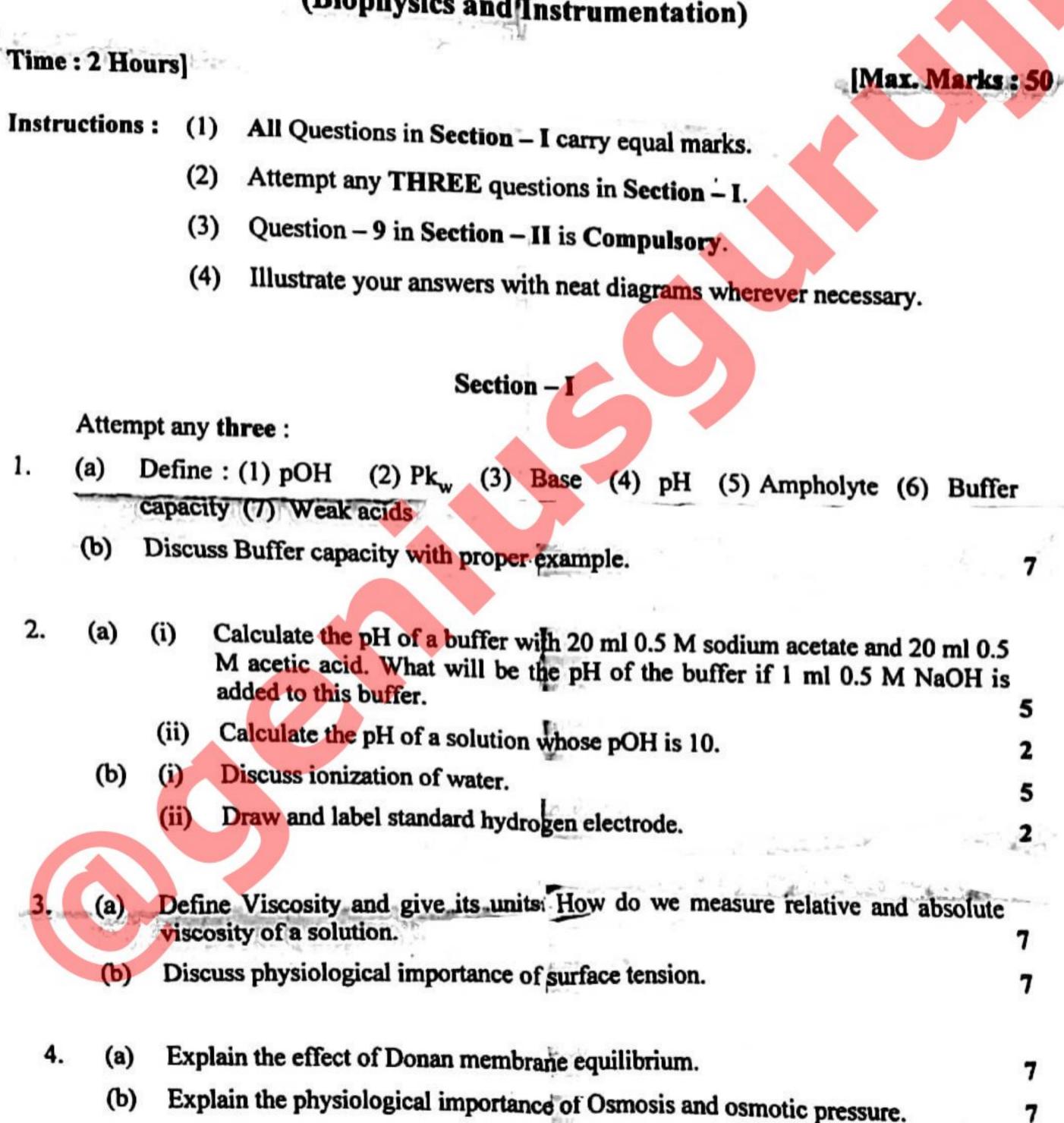
P.T.O.

DE-105

December-2021

B.Sc., Sem.-III

201 : Biochemistry (Biophysics and Instrumentation)



DE-105

5.	(a)	What is the principle of TLC? List any five applications of HPLC.	7	
mus.	(b)	Write a brief note on Gas Chromatography.	7	
6.	(a)	What is the principle of Electrophoresis? Discuss factors affecting		
	(b)	List advantages of PAGE	6	
7.	(a) (b)	Discuss the parts and working of a Colorimeter. State the Lambert- Beer law. What is its limitations?	8	
8.	(a)	Draw, label and discussparts of a Spectrofluorometer. Write any two applications of it.		
	(b)	Discuss the differences between Colorimeter and Spectrophotometer.	6	
		Section - II		
9.	Atter	mpt any 8: (All questions are of 1 mark each)	1	
	(1)	Name the electrodes in pH meter.		
	(2)	Give one physiological importance of water.		
	(3)	Write Henderson Hasselbalch equation.		
	(4)	Give one factor that influences pH determination.		
	(5)	What is Adsorption?	22.17	
	(6)	Between two solutions of 1 M glucose and 1 M NaCl which one will have higher osmotic pressure and why?	C .	
	(7)	What is membrane hydrolysis?		
	(8)	What is the effect of temperature on surtace tension?		
	(9)	What is Rf-?		
	(10)	What is stationary phase in paper Chromatography?		
	(11)	What is full form of HPLC?		
		Give any one application of electrophoresis. Name the monochromators used in Spectrophotometer.		
	(13)	Name the monochionatory What is the role of detector in Colorimeter?		
	41 4	ren die the relationship between OD and % I ransmission?		
	(15)	What is the lamp or radiation source used in UV Spectrophotometer?		
	(16)	What is the rump or and		