

- Instructions :** (1) Figures to the right indicate Full Marks.
 (2) All questions are compulsory.
 (3) Symbols have their usual meanings.

- 1 (a) (i) Draw a circuit of $2 \times \text{mod } 5$, mod 10 counter & explain its working. 7
 (ii) Draw a circuit of 3 bit synchronus counter & explain its working. 7
OR
- 1 (a) (i) Write note on decoding gates. 7
 (ii) Explain conversion between Moore & Mealy models. 7
 (b) Answer the following in short questions (any four) : 4
 (i) Define Glitch
 (ii) What is decade counter?
 (iii) Define Ripple counter.
 (iv) How many flip-flop are required to construct mod 64 counter?
 (v) What is the largest binary number represented by a mod 5 counter?
 (vi) What is an exitation map?
- 2 (a) (i) Draw the block diagram of IC 8085 & explain all 6 blocks. 7
 (ii) Draw the timing diagram of memory read cycle & explain all T states. 7
OR
- 2 (a) (i) Explain in brief FLAG register. 7
 (ii) Explain about "Generating control signals". 7
 (b) Answer in short (any four) : 4
 (i) Give the full form of ALE
 (ii) Give the full form of BCD
 (iii) Why data bus is called bidirectional?
 (iv) Stack pointer is a bit register.
 (v) Opcode fetch requires T states.
 (vi) IC 8085 has pins.
- 3 (a) (i) Explain about Data transfer, Branch & Arithmetic instruction in detail. 7
 (ii) Give timing diagram of IN instruction. 7
OR
- 3 (a) (i) Give comparision of memory mapped I/O & peripheral I/O. 7
 (ii) Write a program to perform the following instructions & verity the output 7
 (1) LOAD 3B H in register C
 (2) LOAD AC H in register D
 (3) Increment the content of register C by 1
 (4) Add the content of both the gegister & display the sum at O/P Port 2.

- (b) Answer in short (any three) : 3
- (i) The 8085 microprocessor uses a bit databus
 - (ii) MVI A, 10 H is a byte instruction
 - (iii) State the difference between MOV & MVI instruction
 - (iv) OUT is a byte instruction.
 - (v) Peripheral I/O requires bit address.
- 4 (a) (i) Write program for transfer of 16 bytes of data stored in memory location at CO 70 H to new memory location CO 90 H. (Choose your own 16 bytes of data). 7
- (ii) A set of 3 readings is stored in memory location starting at DO 70 H sort them in ascending order Data (H) 88, 43, 59. 7
- OR**
- 4 (a) (i) Accumulator contents are AA H & CY = 0. Illustrate accumulator content after execution of instruction RRC twice. 7
- (ii) Accumutator contents are AA H & CY = 0. Illustrate accumutator content after execution of instruction RAR twice. 7
- (b) Answer in short (any three) : 3
- (i) RLC
 - (ii) RAL
 - (iii) XRA A
 - (iv) INX B.