	<b>Seat No.:</b>			
			<b>MF-108</b>	
			March-2018	
			B.Sc., SemV	
			SE-305 : Microbiology (Agricultural Microbiology)	
: 3]	Hours	]		[Max. Marks: 70
uctio	ns:	(1) (2)	Draw the figure where ever necessary. <b>All</b> questions carry equal marks.	
Expl	ain bri	iefly :	: (any <b>two</b> )	14
(i)	How soil aggregates are formed? Explain the role of microorganisms in formation of soil aggregates.			
(ii)			yout of soil horizons and give brief account of types of ifferent soil horizons.	microorganisms
(iii)	The p	oroces	ss of humification and its significance in soil fertility.	
(iv)	The source and the decomposition of organic matter in soil.			
Expl	ain bri	iefly :	: (any <b>two</b> )	14
(i)	Enlist and explain the types of microbial association in soil.			
(ii)	What is a negative association? Describe the role of microorganism in negative association.			
(iii)	Write brief note on rhizosphere and give its significance.			
(iv)	What	s's my	ycorrhizae? Explain the significance of mycorrhizae.	

Time: 3 Hours

**Instructions:** 

1.

2.

- (iii) Write brief note on rhizosphere and give its signi
- (iv) What's mycorrhizae? Explain the significance o

## 3. Describe any **two**:

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- The process of nitrogen fixation by symbiotic nitrogen fixing bacteria.
- The process of nitrification by nitrifying bacteria. (ii)
- (iii) Enlist various types of biofertilizers. Describe the application methods and the advantages and disadvantages of biofertilizers.
- (iv) What are biopesticide? Describe the bacteria as biopesticides.

## Explain briefly any two:

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- The role of bacteria as plant pathogens.
- (ii) General symptoms of plant disease.
- (iii) The transmition symptoms and control of plant disease by fungi.
- The mode of entry of TMV virus and its process of infection in tobacco plant.

## 5. Answer in **one** or **two** sentences :

- (i) What is phylosphere?
- (ii) Give an example of syntrophism.
- (iii) What is ammonification?
- (iv) Name the denitrifying bacteria.
- (v) Name phosphate solubalizing bacteria.
- (vi) Name fungi as plant pathogen.
- (vii) What are biopesticides?
- (viii) What is immobilization of minerals?
- (ix) Give an example of PGPR.
- (x) Define Necrosis.
- (xi) What do you mean by soil microenvironment?
- (xii) Give the name of plant residue decomposers.
- (xiii) Name of the plant pathogen nematodes.
- (xiv) Define phytopathology.





