Seat No. : _____

AE-108

April -2018

B.Sc., Sem.-VI

CC-310: Mathematics (Graph Theory)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 70

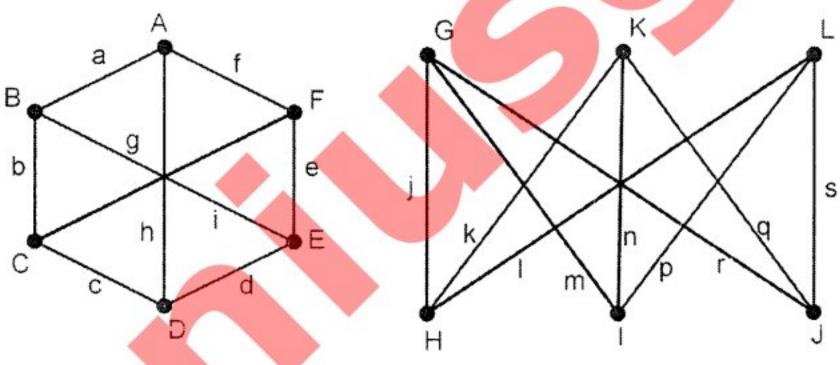
Instructions:

- All questions are compulsory.
- (2) Figures to the right indicate full marks of the question/sub-question.
- (3) Notations used in this question paper carry their usual meaning.
- 1. (a) If G is any graph with e edges and n vertices $v_1, v_2, v_3, \dots, v_n$ then prove that

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} d(v_i) = 2e.$$

OR

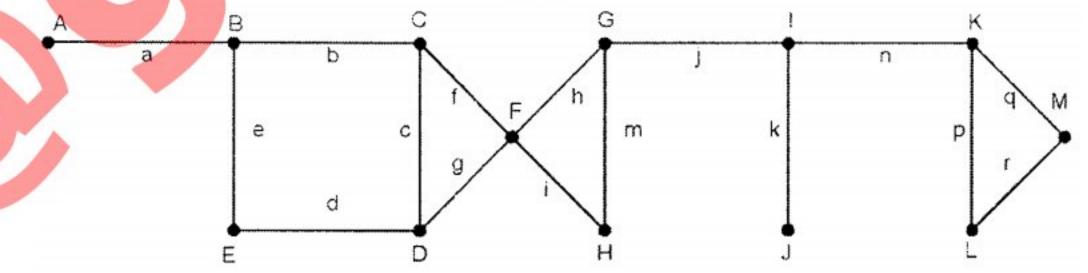
Define isomorphism of graphs. Show that the following graphs are isomorphic:



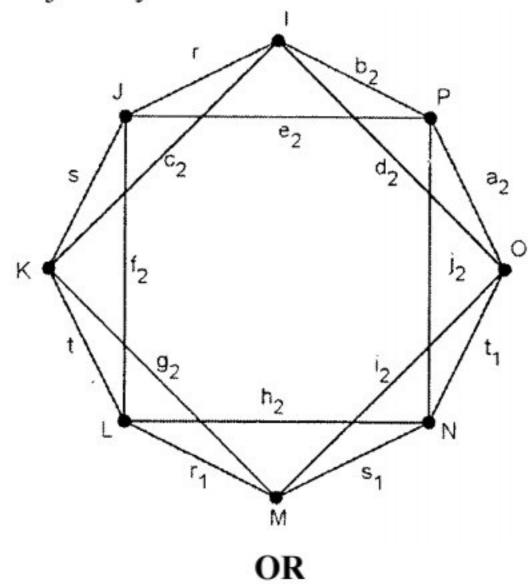
(b) Given any two vertices $u, v \in V(G)$, prove that every u - v walk contains a u - v path.

OR

Find radius and diameter of the graph G:



2. (a) Write down the adjacency and incidence matrices of the following graph:



Prove that an edge 'e' of a graph G is a bridge if and only if 'e' is not part of any cycle in graph G.

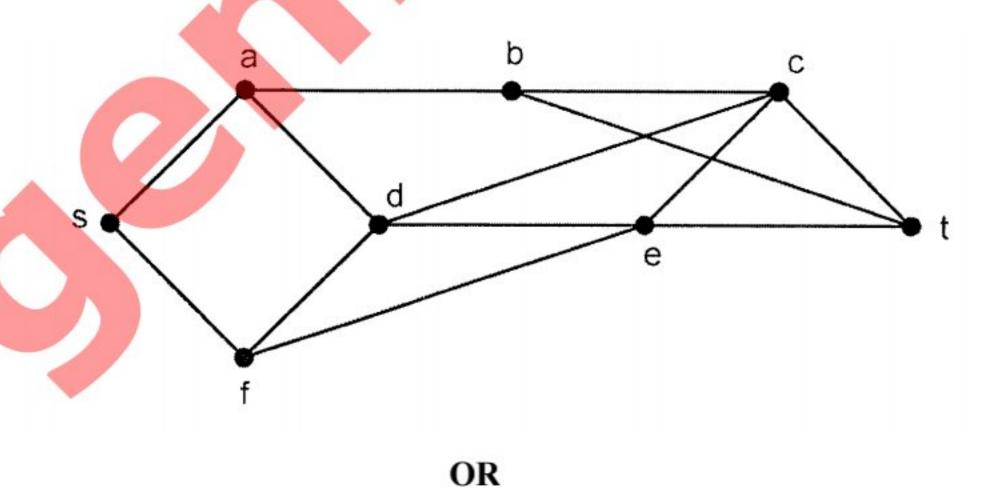
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(b) If G is an acyclic graph with n vertices and k connected components, then prove that it has n - k edges.

OR

Let G be a graph with n vertices. If G is acyclic graph with n-1 edges, then prove that G is a tree.

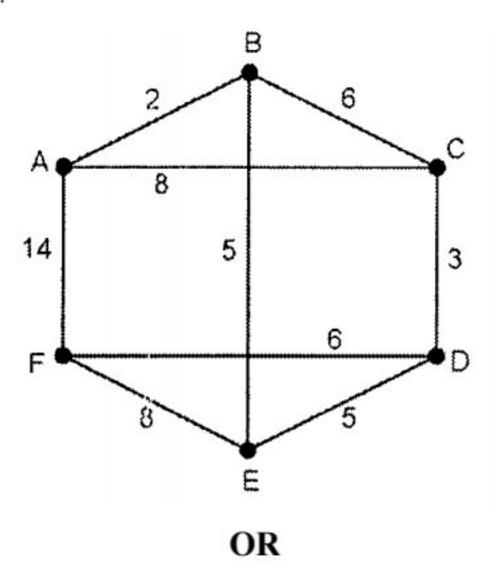
3. (a) Use Back-tracking algorithm to find a shortest path from a vertex s to a vertex t: 7



If G is a connected graph, then prove that it has a spanning tree.

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(b) Apply the Dijkstra's algorithm on the following connected weighted graph to find the length of shortest paths from the vertex A to each of the other vertices of following graph:



Let G be a graph with n vertices $n \ge 2$, then prove that G has at least two vertices which are not cut vertices.

4. (a) Write a short note on Konigsberg seven bridges problem.

OR

If G is a graph in which the degree of every vertex is atleast two, then prove that G contains a cycle.

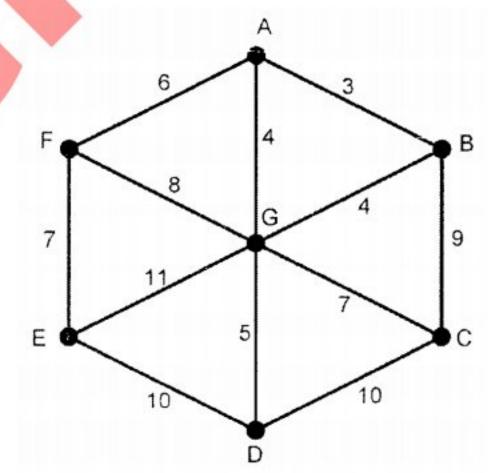
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(b) Prove that a simple graph G is Hamiltonian if and only if its closure c(G) is Hamiltonian.

OR

Apply Prim's algorithm to find the minimal spanning tree on the graph:



5. Answer the following questions in short (any seven):

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- (1) Define cycle and give an example.
- (2) Define k-regular graph and give an example of 3-regular graph.
- (3) Define trail with an example.
- (4) Define the distance between two vertices in a connected graph.
- (5) Define Hamiltonian graph.
- (6) Define *n*-connected graph.
- (7) If connected graph G has 17 edges what is the maximum possible number of vertices in G?
- (8) Is the graph G with adjacency matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ connected? Why?
- (9) If connected graph G has 17 edges what is the maximum possible number of vertices in G?

