## **MM-122**

March-2019

B.Sc., Sem.-VI

307: Microbiology

Time	: 2:	[Max	. Marks : 70		
Instructions:			(1) (2) (3) (4)	All questions are compulsory.  Draw figures wherever necessary.  Write correct question number against each answer.  Figures to the right indicate marks.	
			( )		
1.	(A)			ortant tools necessary for rDNA technology. Explain the role of	of vectors
		מוווו	NA IC	echnique with example.  OR	14
		(i)	Give	importance of various enzymes in gene cloning technology.	7
		(ii)		ain outlines of genetic engineering with diagram.	7
	(B)	. ,	•	& specific answers in 1-2 lines only: (any four)	4
		(i)		ch organism is considered as natural genetic engineer?	
		(ii)	Defin	ne genetic probe oligonucleotide.	
		(iii)	Defin	ne phagemid.	
		(iv)	Defin	ne cassette mutagenesis.	
		(v)	Give	role of DNA ligase in genetic engineering.	
		(vi)	Wha	t is RT PCR?	
2.	(A)			various methods for joining isolated DNA with vector and pridization as the method for the selection of recombinant population.	and the second s
				OR	
		(i)	Wha	t is cDNA? How it is obtained and what are its advantages?	7
		(ii)	How	is rDNA transferred in to suitable host cells?	7
	(B)	Give	short	& specific answers in 1-2 lines only: (any four)	4
		(i)	Whic	ch chemical stimulates the uptake of naked DNA by protoplast	?
U		(ii)		application of gene probe.	
		(iii)		application of marker gene.	
		(iv)		ne southern blot.	
		(v)		ne Gene gun.	
	100	(V1)	Defin	ne transfection.	P. F. C
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3.	(A)	2010	e a note on biotechnology, discuss its diverse fields and mention its cations.	14					
	OR								
		Explain ELISA and discuss different variations of the technique.	7						
		(ii)	Write a detailed note on plant tissue culture.	7					
	(B)	Give	short & specific answers in 1-2 lines only: (any three)	3					
		(i)	What are DNA chips?						
		(ii)	Which radio labelled agent is used extensively to label antigens in RIA technique?						
		(iii)	What is reverse phase chromatography?						
		(iv)	Give example of continuous cell culture.						
		(v)	Give full form of SDS-PAGE.						
4.	(A)		ribe different types of microbial insecticides, their mode of actions and cations.	14					
			OR						
		(i)	What is MEOR? Describe the mechanisms involved in MEOR.	7					
		(ii)	Write a note on IPR.	7					
	(B)	Give short & specific answers in 1-2 lines only: (any three)							
		(i)	What are two most important advantages of bioremediation?						
		(ii)	Enlist few ethical issues of biotechnology.						
		(iii)	What are PGPR? Give two examples.						
		(iv)	What is bioethanol?						
		(v)	Give example of enzymes used for diagnosis of disease.						

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