## FF-117

## February-2025

## B.B.A., Sem.-I

## DSC-C-BBA-112: Micro Economics for Managers

Time	e: 2:	[Max. Marks: 5	0				
1	Writ	e the following:					
	(A)	What is Macro Economics? Discuss the scope of Macro Economics.	5				
	(B)	Discuss the characteristics of planned economy.	5				
	` '	OR					
1.	(A)	Discuss the Production Possibility Curve with diagram.	5				
	(B)	What does mixed economy mean? What are the characteristics of mixed economy?	5				
2.	Writ	te the following:					
2.	(A)		5				
	(B)	Discuss extension and contraction of supply with the help of a diagram.  OR	5				
2.	(A)	Discuss the increase and decrease of Demand with the help of a diagram.	5				
,	(B)	Explain the Law of Supply. Discuss the exceptions to the law of supply.	5				
3.	Writ	Write the following:					
	(A)	Explain Producer Surplus with the help of a diagram.	5				
	(B)	Explain the impact on the level of price, when demand is constant and supply is changed.	5				
		OR					
3.	(A)	What does Price ceiling mean? Examine the effects of price ceiling on the market.	5				
	(B)	Discuss Deadweight loss in detail.	5				
4.	Write the following:						
	(A)	Define Monopoly. Discuss any two types of Monopoly.	5				
	(B)	Discuss the meaning and functions of Market. On what factors does the size of market depend?	5				
		OR					
4.	(A)	Discuss the meaning and characteristics of monopolistic competition.	5				
	(B)	What is Duopoly? Discuss its characteristics.	5				
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. Do a	s dire	cted: (Attempt any 10)				
(1)	Price Ceiling refers to the minimum price fixed by the government, which producers must be paid for their produce. (True/ False)					
(2)	Which of the following is true, according to Robbins?					
	(a)	Means are undefined	(b)	Means are scarce		
	(c)	Means are unlimited	(d)	All of the above		
(3)	The	branch of economics that of	deals with	the allocation of resources is		
	(a)	Econometrics	(b)	Macroeconomics		
	(c)	Microeconomics	(d)	None of the above		
(4)		loss which a society faces (True / False)	due to ma	arket inefficiency is known as deadweight		
(5)	Wha	t do you mean by a mixed	economy	?		
	(a)	Modern and traditional in	ndustries			
	(b)	Public and private sector	'S			
	(c)	Foreign and domestic in	vestments			
	(d)	Commercial and subsiste	ence farmi	ng		
(6)	is an example of Macroeconomic theory.					
	(a)	Theory of Production				
	(b)	Theory of Rent				
	(c)	Theory of General Price	level			
	(d)	Theory of Profit				
(7)	Dow	nward curve or line shows	s	elation between two variables.		
	(a)	Positive	(b)	Upward		
	(c)	Inverse	(d)	Vertical		
(8)	Ther	e is/arenumber o	f sellers u	nder oligopoly.		
	(a)	one	(b)	two		
	(c)	few	(d)	large		
(9)	Mov	ement in supply is caused	by change	es in		
	(a)	Non-price factors	(b)	Price of good alone		
	(c)	Technology	(d)	Population		
(10)	The	concept of consumer's sur	plus is exp	plained by		
	(a)	Adam Smith	(b)	Alfred Marshall		
	(c)	David Ricardo	(d)	Joan Robinson		
(11)	Prod	uct differentiation is an in	nportant fe			
	(a)	Monopoly	(b)	Pure competition		
	(c)	Perfect competition	(d)	Monopolistic competition		
(12)	` '	an railways provide an exa	` '			
(14)	(a)	Natural monopoly		Legal monopoly		
	(4)	ratural monopory	(b)	Legai monopory		